



Concentrating Solar Thermal Power Research and Development Overview

Dr. Avi Shultz, Program Manager

Thermal Energy Storage Workshop

Idaho Falls, ID

July 23, 2019

SETO overview

WHAT WE DO

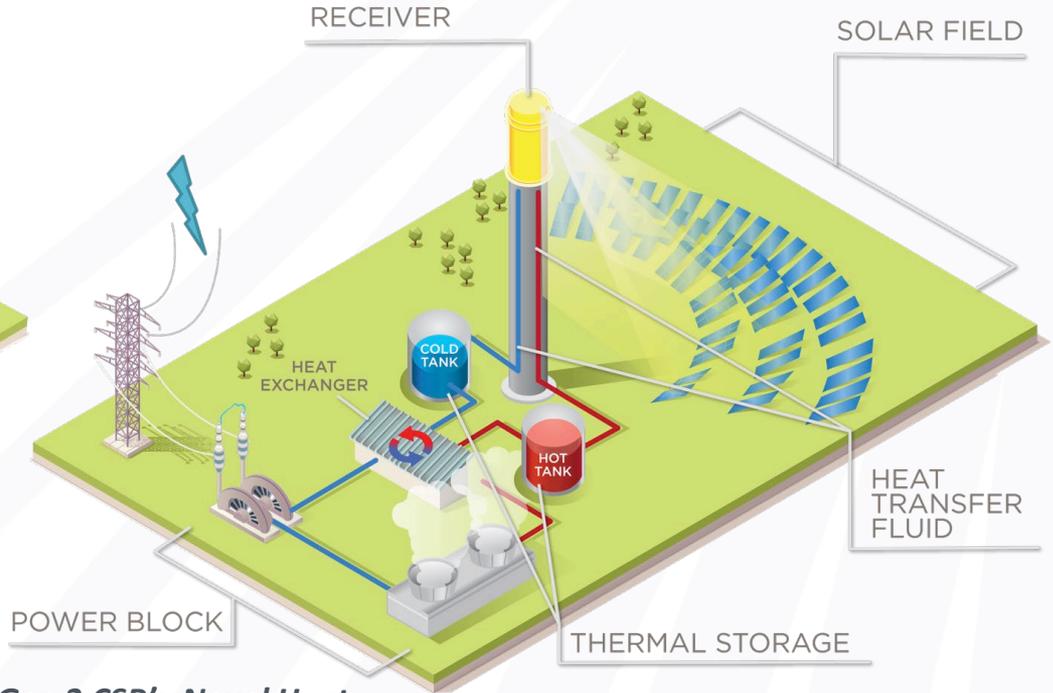
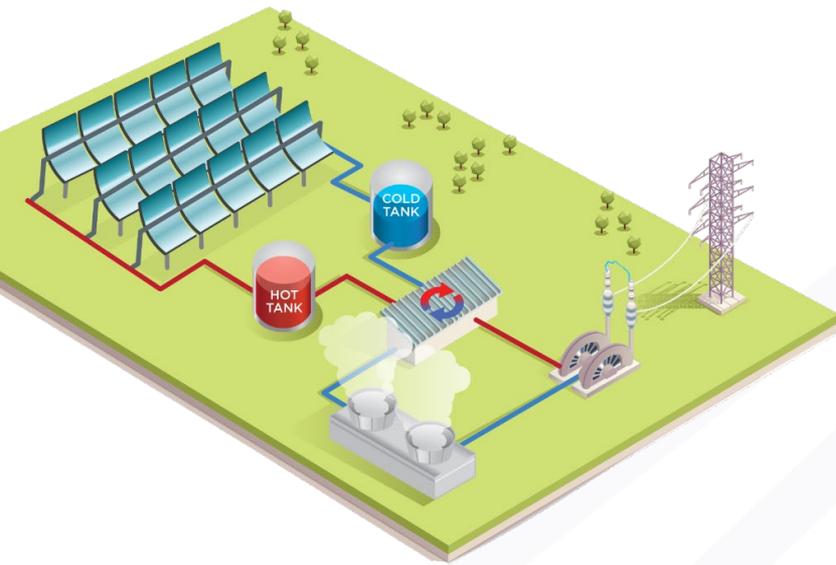
The U.S. Department of Energy's Solar Energy Technologies Office supports early-stage research and development of solar technologies while focusing on **grid reliability**, **resilience**, and **security**.

HOW WE DO IT

The office uses a competitive solicitation process to address critical research gaps, ensuring the solar industry has the technological foundations needed to **lower solar electricity costs**, **ease grid integration**, and **enhance the use and storage of solar energy**.



CSP with Storage is Solar Energy On-Demand



*Oil-Based
Troughs with
steam rankine
cycle (~400 °C)*

energy.gov/solar-office

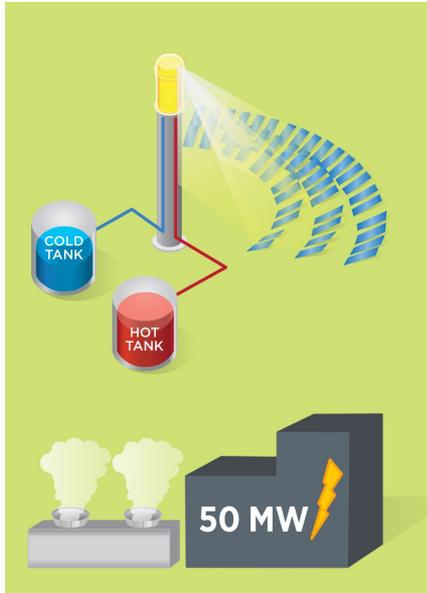
*Molten Salt
Towers with
steam rankine
cycle (~565 °C)*

*'Gen 3 CSP': Novel Heat
Transfer Media with
advanced power cycle
(>700 °C) @ 5¢/kWh*

CSP: Flexible Designs for an Evolving Grid

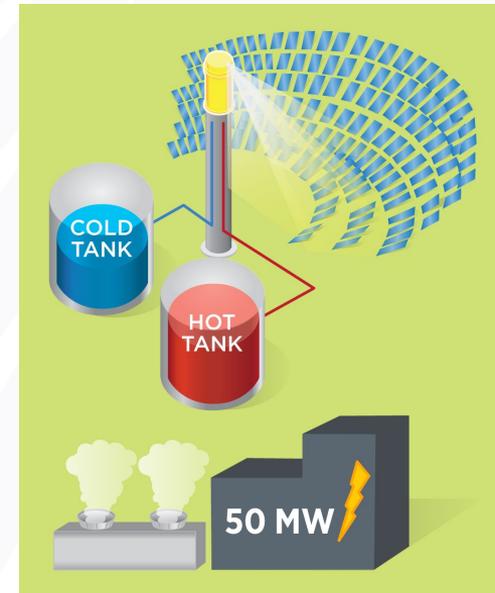
'Peaker'

(≤ 6 hours of storage)



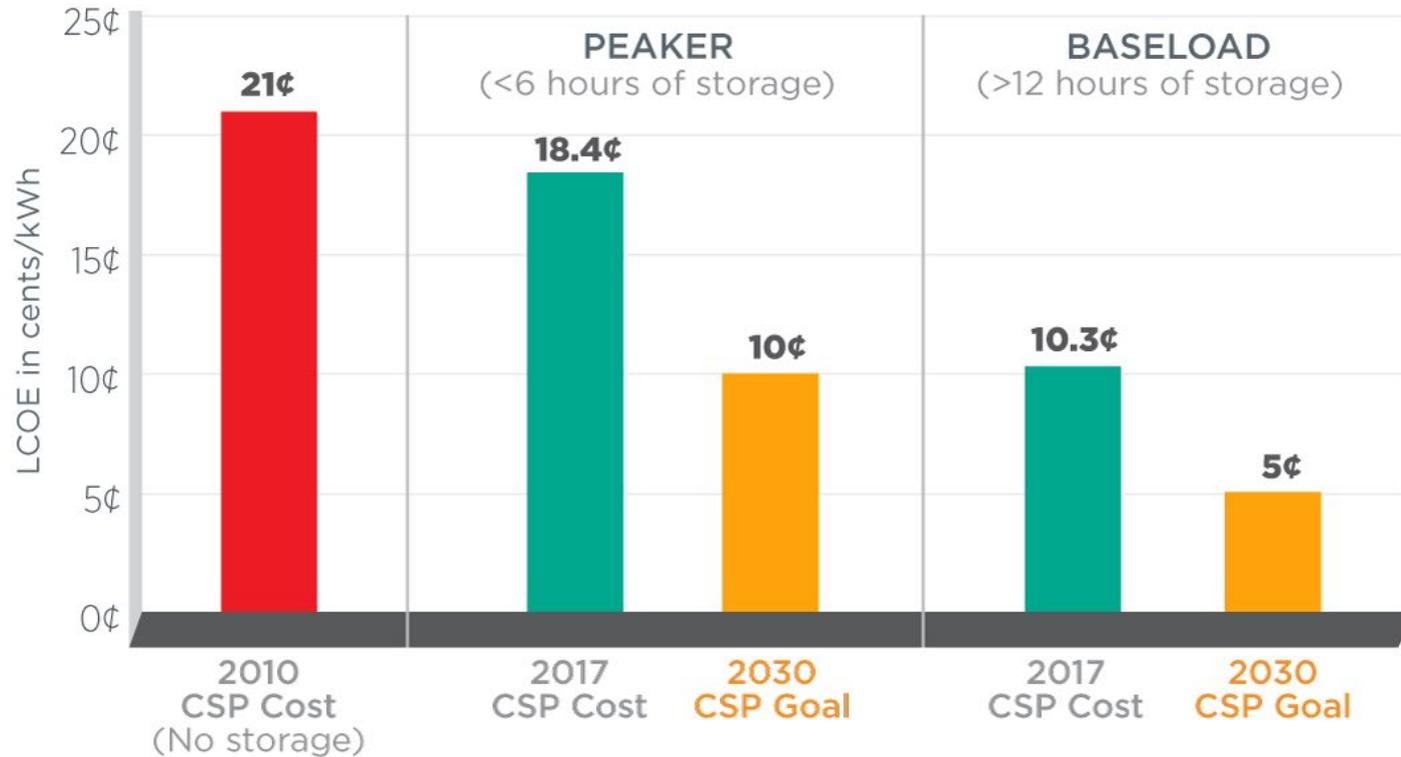
'Baseload'

(≥ 12 hours of storage)

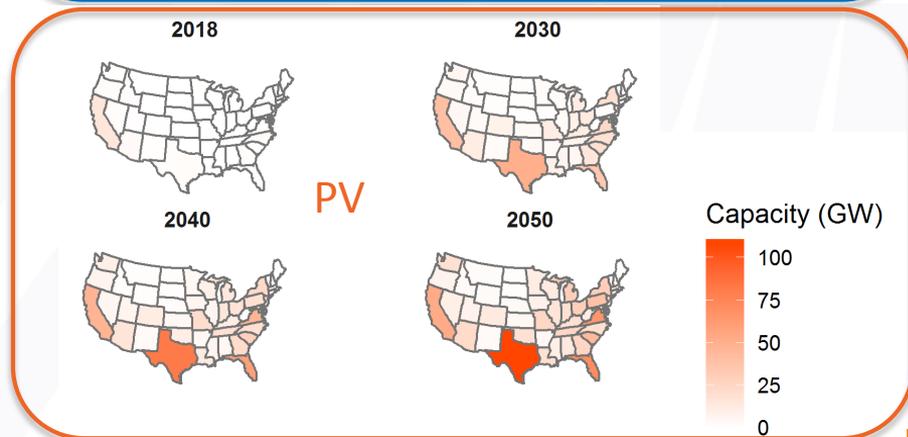
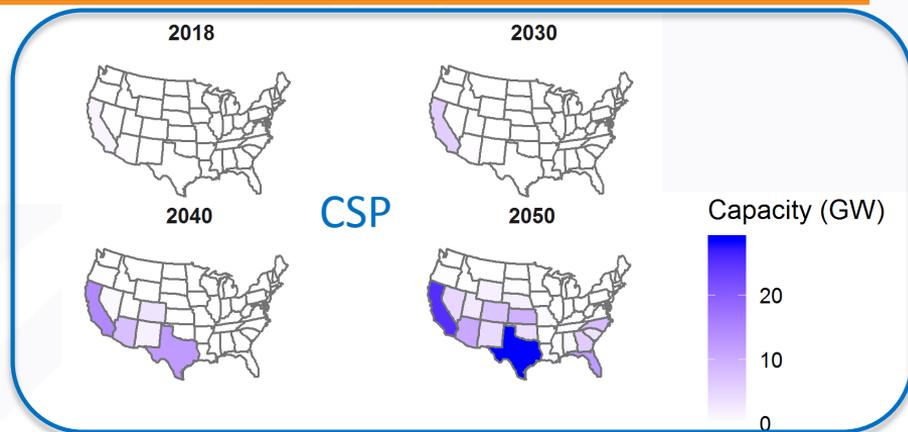
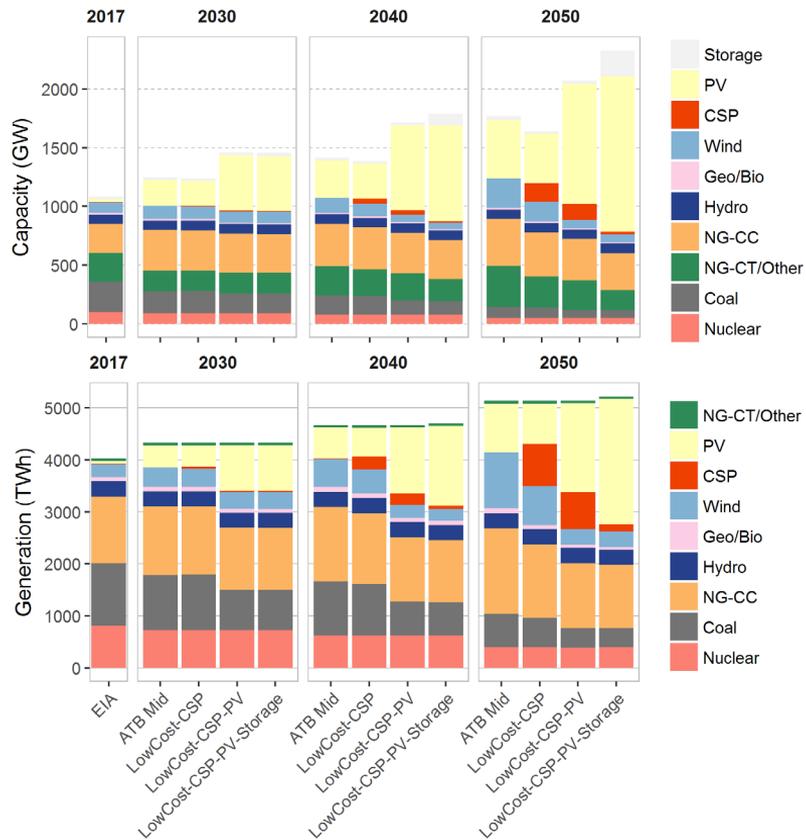


By choosing the size of the solar field and thermal energy storage, the same CSP technology can be configured to meet evolving demands of the grid

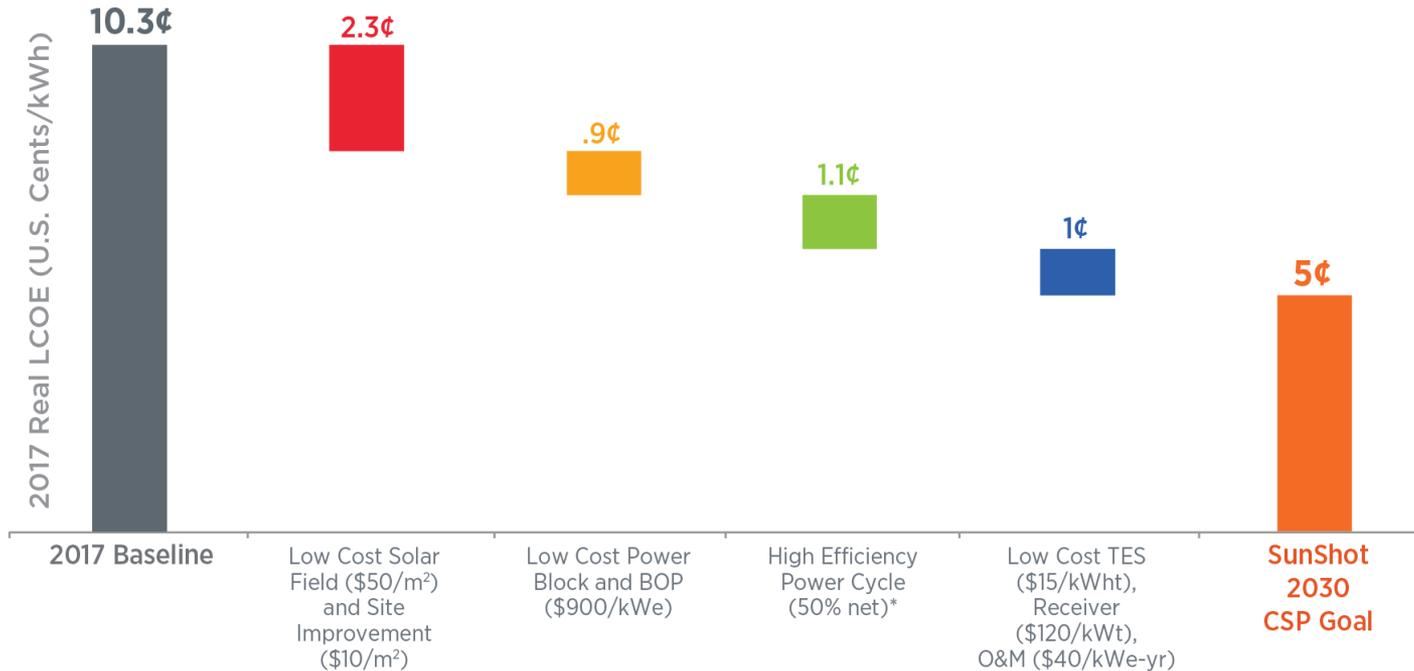
2030 DOE Levelized Cost of Electricity Targets



Potential CSP Deployment in the US if DOE CSP and PV 2030 Cost Targets are Achieved



A Pathway to 5 Cents per KWh for Baseload CSP



*Assumes a gross to net conversion factor of 0.9

CSP Program Technical Targets

O&M TARGET
\$40/kW-yr plus \$3/MWh

5¢/kWh

RECEIVER

Thermal Efficiency $\geq 90\%$
Lifetime $\geq 10,000$ cyc
Cost $\leq \$150/\text{kW}_{\text{th}}$
Exit Temp $\geq 720^\circ\text{C}$

SOLAR FIELD

Cost $\leq \$50/\text{m}^2$
Lifetime ≥ 30 yrs
Annual Efficiency $\geq 55\%$
Concentration Ratio ≥ 1000 Suns

COLD TANK

HOT TANK

HEAT TRANSFER MEDIUM

Thermally Stable $\geq 800^\circ\text{C}$
Compatible with Rec. Performance
Compatible with TES Performance

POWER BLOCK

Net Cycle Efficiency $\geq 50\%$
Dry Cooled
Cost $\leq \$900/\text{kW}_e$

THERMAL STORAGE

Energy Efficiency $\geq 99\%$
Exergetic Efficiency $\geq 95\%$
Cost $\leq \$15/\text{kWh}_{\text{th}}$
Power Cycle Inlet Temp $\geq 720^\circ\text{C}$

Collector Field

- Optical Physics
- Structural design and dynamics
- Manufacturing and automation
- Sensors and control

Receivers

- Optical properties
- Coatings
- High temperature materials
- Chemistry
- Heat Transfer, Fluid Mechanics

TES and HTF

- Chemistry
- High temperature materials
- Materials Science
- Heat Transfer, Fluid Mechanics

Power Block

- High temperature materials
- Turbomachinery
- Manufacturing and automation
- Sensors and control

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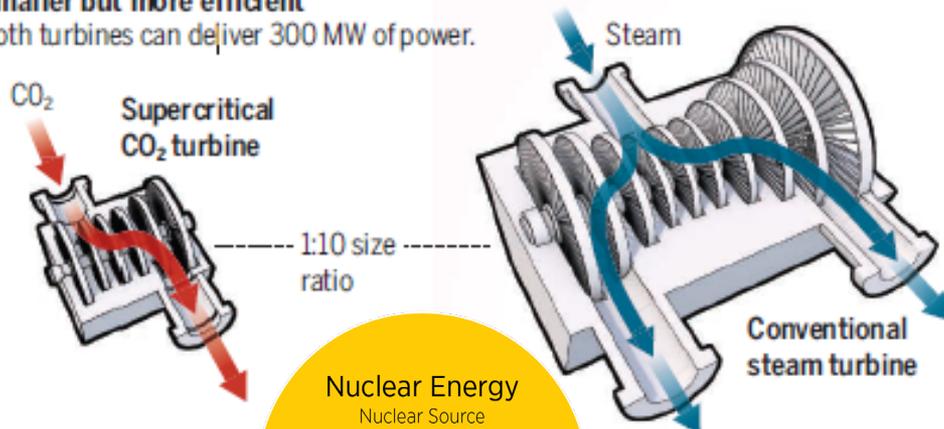
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Next Generation CSP will Leverage Next Generation Power Cycles

Smaller but more efficient

Both turbines can deliver 300 MW of power.



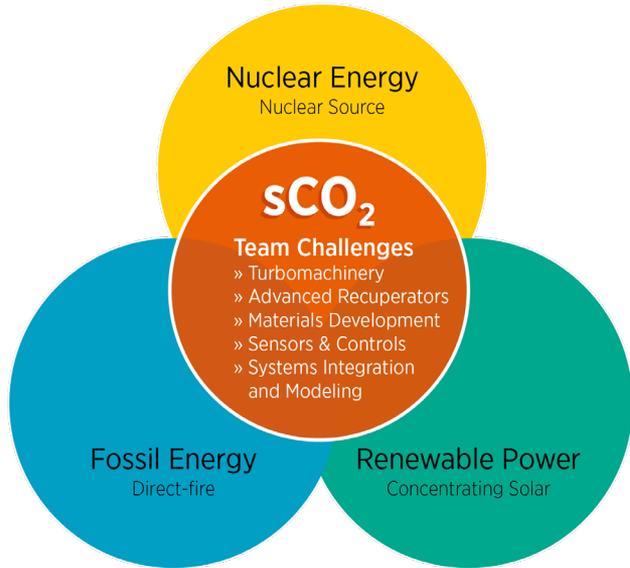
Advantages of the sCO₂ Brayton Cycle:

- Higher Efficiency (50% ~720 C)
- Compact Components
- Smaller Turbine Footprint (by a factor > 10)
- Reduced Power Block Costs
- Amenable to Dry Cooling
- Scalability (Sub 100 MW)
- Operational Simplicity (No Phase Change)

CSP Specific R&D Challenges

- Higher Temperature Thermal Transport System
- Expanding Temperature Change (Sensible TES)
- Ambient Temperature Variability (Dry Cooling)
- Variable Solar Resource

Next Generation CSP will Leverage Next Generation Power Cycles



Supercritical CO₂: a dense, compressible fluid

- Compact turbomachinery
- Good compatibility with dry cooling
- Fewer loss mechanisms and parasitics

10 MW_e STEP Test Facility

- \$100 M Program managed by FE begun in 2017
- Awarded to Gas Technology Institute, facility located at Southwest Research Institute
- Capable of testing all components of Cycle Integrated with controls & instrumentation
- Resolve issues common to multiple potential heat sources
- Reconfigurable facility capable of 700 °C and 300 bar operation

CSP Program Technical Targets

O&M TARGET

\$40/kW-yr plus \$3/MWh

5¢/kWh

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Gen3 CSP: Raising the Temperature of Solar Thermal Systems

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{T_C}{T_H}$$



Concentrating Solar Power Gen3 Demonstration Roadmap

Mark Mehos, Craig Turchi, Judith Vidal,
Michael Wagner, and Zhiwen Ma
National Renewable Energy Laboratory
Golden, Colorado

Clifford Ho, William Kolb, and Charles Andraka
Sandia National Laboratories
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Alan Kruienza
Sandia National Laboratories
Livermore, California

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy
Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy
Operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC
This report is available at no cost from the National Renewable Energy
Laboratory (NREL) at www.nrel.gov/publications.

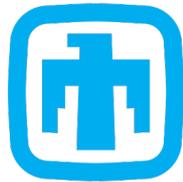
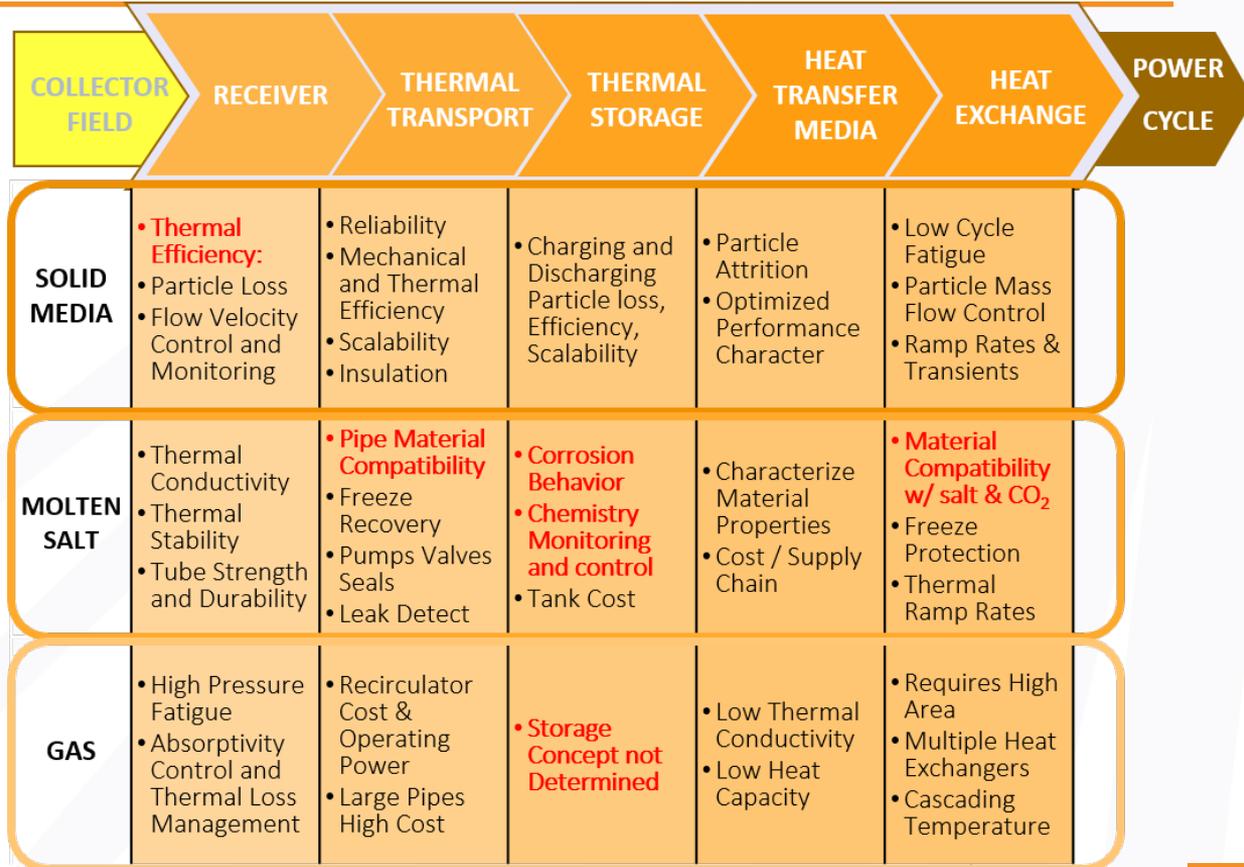
Technical Report
NREL/TP-6200-67464
January 2017

Contract No. DE-AC36-06-O23308

<http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy17osti/67464.pdf>

energy.gov/solar-office

Gen3 CSP Topic 1 Awardees



Sandia National Laboratories

DOE Award (P1-2): \$9,464,755



NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATORY

DOE Award (P1-2): \$7,035,309

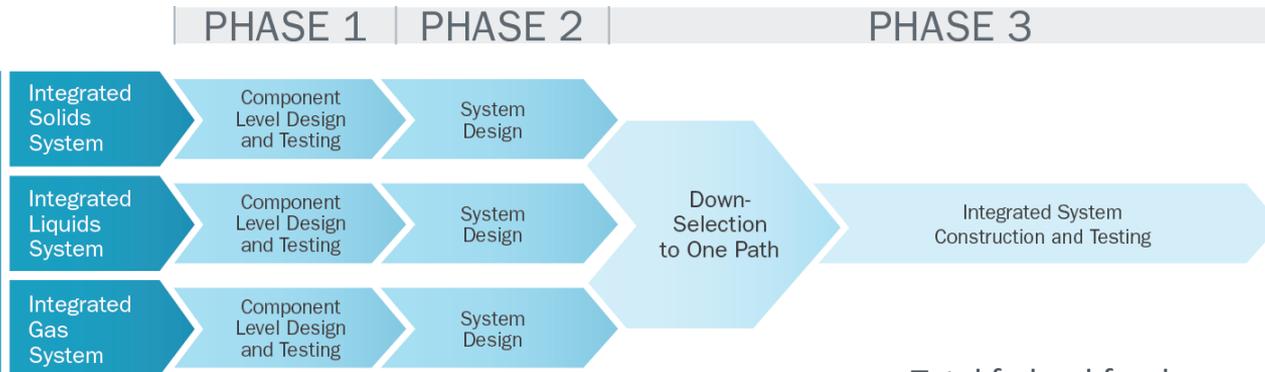


DOE Award (P1-2): \$7,570,647

Gen3 CSP Awardees

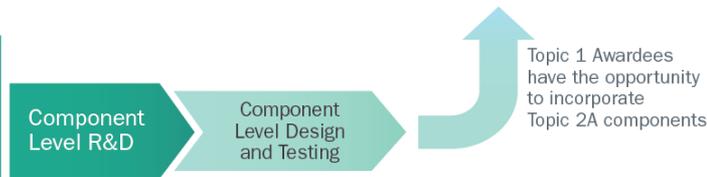
TOPIC 1

- Sandia National Laboratories
- National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- Brayton Energy



TOPIC 2A

- Brayton Energy
- Hayward Tyler
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology (x2)
- Mohawk Innovative Technology
- Powdermet
- Purdue University



TOPIC 2B

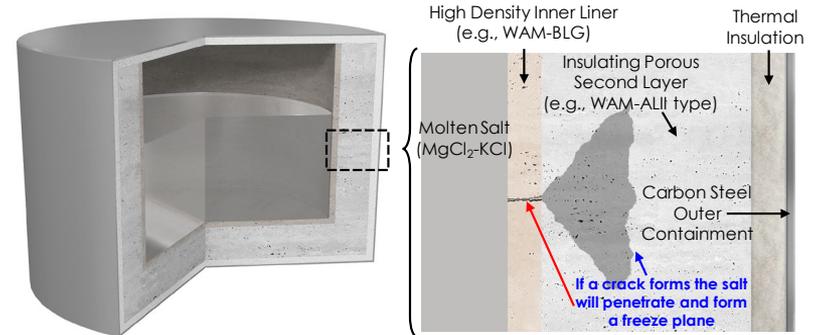
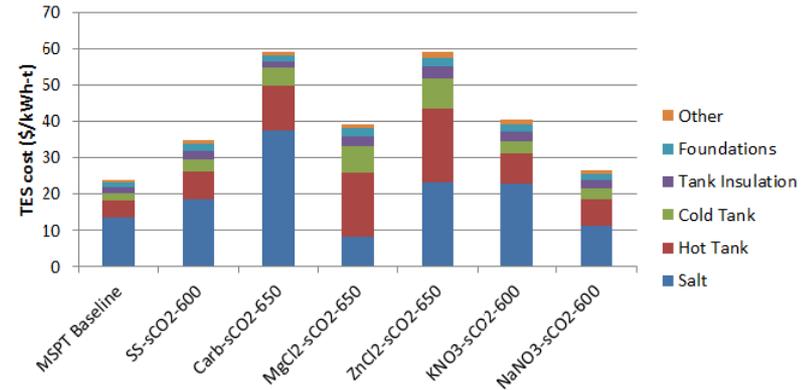
- Electric Power Research Institute
- Georgia Institute of Technology (x2)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
- University of California, San Diego
- University of Tulsa



- Total federal funds awarded in 2018: \$85,000,000 over 25 projects in 3 Topics:
 - **Topic 1:** Integrated, multi-MW test facility
 - **Topic 2A:** Individual Component Development
 - **Topic 2B and National Lab Support:** Cross-cutting Gen3 Research and Analysis

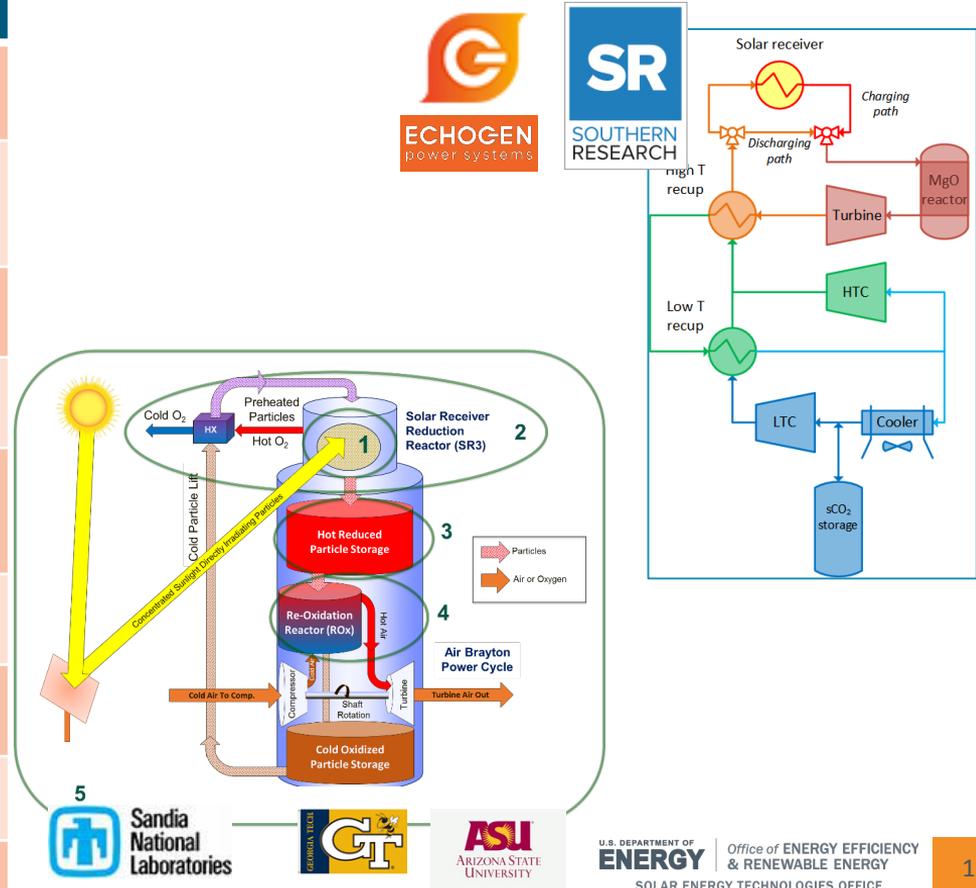
Thermal Energy Storage R&D: Components

TOPIC	PRIME	PI	FOA
Advanced Hot Media Insulation	SolarReserve	Bill Gould	Tech-to-Market (2017)
	MIT	Asegun Henry	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	UCSD	Jian Luo	SETO FY18 FOA – SIPS
Hot Salt Pumps	Powdermet	Joseph Hensel	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	Hayward Tyler	Benjamin Hardy	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	MIT	Asegun Henry	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
Integrated Heat Pump	NREL	Joshua McTigue	SETO FY19-21 Labcall

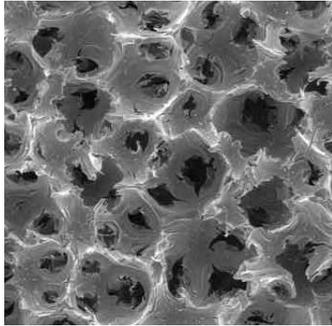


Thermal Energy Storage R&D: Thermochemical

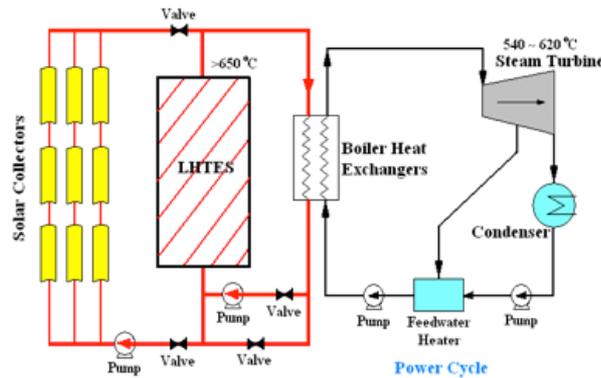
TOPIC	PRIME	PI	FOA
Metal Oxides	Sandia NL	James Miller / Andrea Ambrosini	ELEMENTS (2014)
	Colorado School of Mines	Greg Jackson	ELEMENTS (2014)
Metal Hydrides	Savannah River NL	Ragaiy Zidan	SunShot Lab R&D (2013)
	Brayton Energy	Shaun Sullivan	APOLLO (2015)
Metal Sulfides	Los Alamos NL	Steve Obrey	SuNLaMP (2015)
Metal Carbonates	Southern Research	Andrew Muto	ELEMENTS (2014), APOLLO (2015)
	Echogen	Tim Held	Tech-to-Market (2017)
Ammonia	UCLA	Adrienne Lavine	ELEMENTS (2014)
	Sandia NL	Andrea Ambrosini	FY19-21 Labcall



Thermal Energy Storage R&D: Phase Change Materials

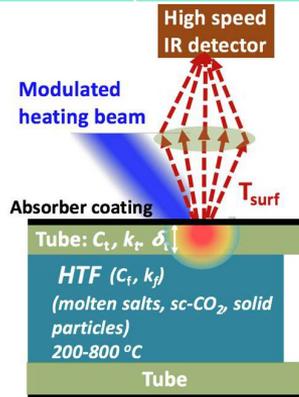


- PI: Dileep Singh
- Developed change materials (PCMs) in combination with new, high thermal conductivity graphite foams funded through **SunShot Lab R&D (2012)** and **APOLLO (2015)**
- Currently being developed into **Gen3 CSP** indirect TES system with Brayton Energy



Thermal Energy Storage R&D: Thermal / Materials Characterization

TOPIC	PRIME	PI	FOA
Thermophys. Prop. Of Particles	Sandia NL	Kevin Albrecht	Gen3 Lab Support
	Georgia Tech	Peter Loutzenhiser	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	U. Tulsa	Todd Otanicar	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
Thermophys. Characterication	UCSD	Renkun Chen	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	Georgia Tech	Shannon Yee	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
Low-Cost Ni-Alloy Mfg	EPRI	John Shingledecker	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
	Oak Ridge NL	G. Muralidharan	FY19-21 Labcall

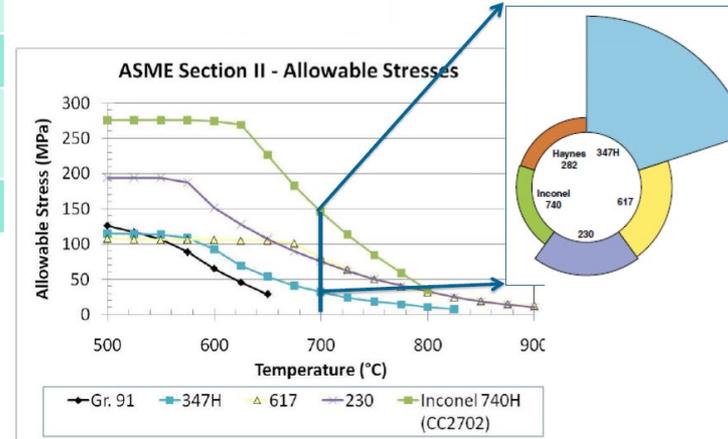


UC San Diego

EPRI

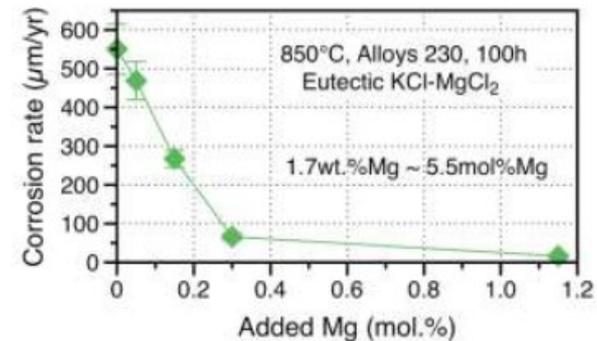
ELECTRIC POWER
RESEARCH INSTITUTE

SPECIAL
METALS
A NCC Company



Thermal Energy Storage R&D: Thermo-physical and -chemical Characterization of Chloride Salts

Topic	PRIME	PI	FOA
Thermo-physical and chemical characterization	NREL	Judith Vidal	Gen3 Lab Support (2018)
	Oak Ridge NL	Kevin Robb	Gen3 Lab Support (2018)
Corrosion Characterization	Oak Ridge NL	Bruce Pint	Gen3 Lab Support (2018)
	Oak Ridge NL	Gabriel Veith	Gen3 Lab Support (2018)
	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	Emily Liu	Gen3 CSP Systems (2018)
Corrosion Mitigation	Savannah River NL	Brenda Garcia-Diaz	Gen3 Lab Support (2018)
	U. Arizona	Dominic Gervaiso	SETO FY18 FOA
	Purdue University	Kenneth Sandhage	SETO FY18 FOA - SIPS
	Virginia Tech	Ranga Pitchumani	SETO FY18 FOA - SIPS



If salt chemistry – O₂, H₂O content – can be controlled, corrosion can be managed

The header banner features a gradient background from teal on the left to orange on the right. On the left side, there are several white line-art icons: a battery, a solar panel, a recycling symbol, a fan, a circular gauge, and a laptop with a lightning bolt. On the right side, there are more icons: a power line tower, a padlock, a Wi-Fi symbol, and a globe.

What's next *for* SOLAR?

SETO's FY19 Funding Opportunity Announcement was issued on March 26, 2019

Achieving SETO's priorities across the solar energy technology landscape requires sustained, multifaceted innovation. For our FY19 Funding Program, the office intends to support high-impact, early-stage research in the following areas:

- **Topic 1: Photovoltaics Research and Development**
- **Topic 2: Concentrating Solar-Thermal Power Research and Development**
- **Topic 3: Balance of Systems Soft Costs Reduction**
- **Topic 4: Innovations in Manufacturing: Hardware Incubator**
- **Topic 5: Advanced Solar Systems Integration Technologies**

Topic 2 – Concentrating Solar-Thermal Power Research and Development

Topic 2.1: Firm Thermal Energy Storage (\$11 million)

Concepts that expand the dispatchability and availability of CSP plants to provide value to grid operators. Thermal energy storage (TES) systems of interest include:

- Long-term TES systems that store energy for weekly or seasonal dispatch
- Pumped heat electricity storage for CSP and concepts that enable charging of TES via off-peak grid electricity
- Commercializing TES through projects that pursue near-term market adoption

Topic 2.2: Materials and Manufacturing (\$11 million)

Solutions that reduce the cost of manufacturing CSP components, encourage the commercialization of new CSP technologies, and support the development of an agile, U.S.-based CSP manufacturing sector.

Topic 2.3: Autonomous CSP Collector Field (\$11 million)

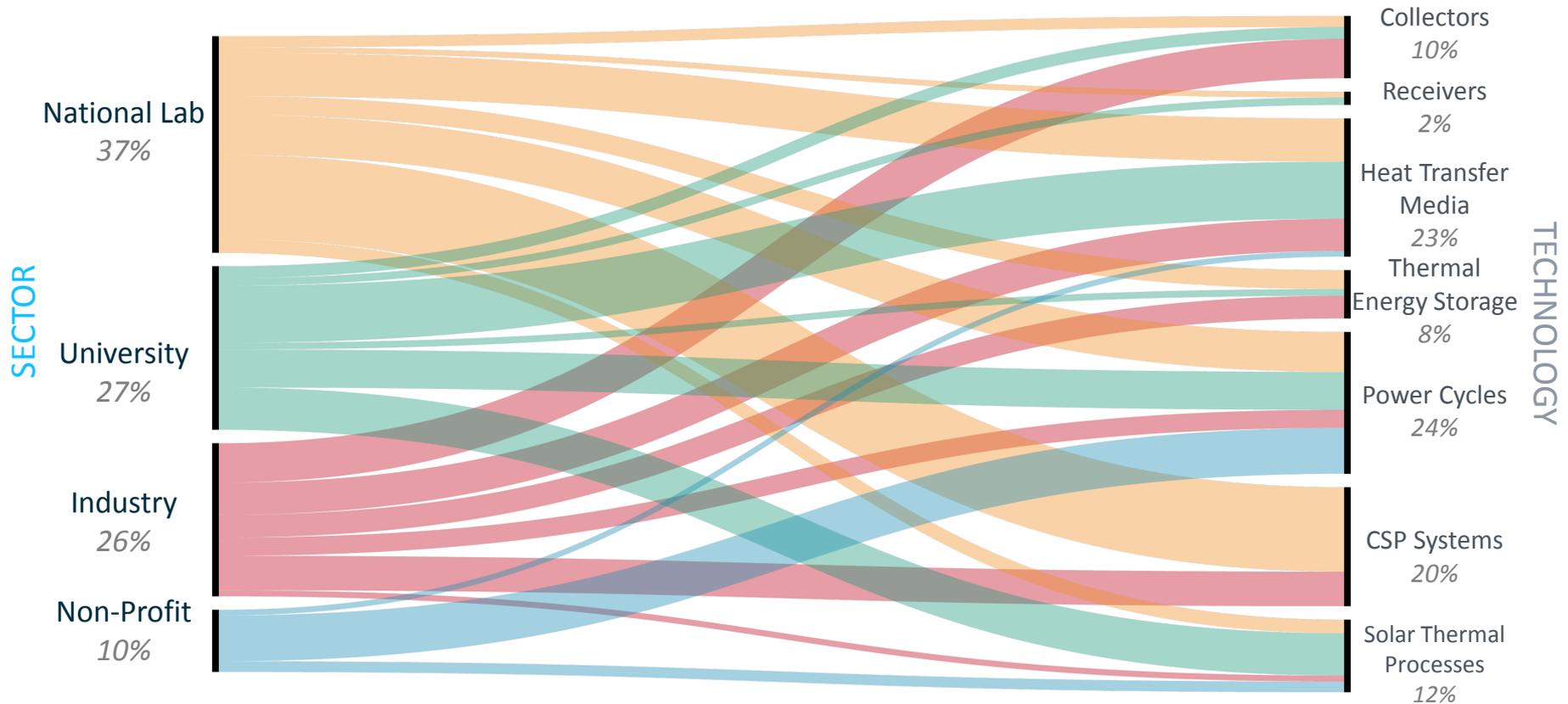
Solutions that enable a solar field that can fully operate without any human input, reducing costs and maximizing thermal energy collection efficiency.

Questions?

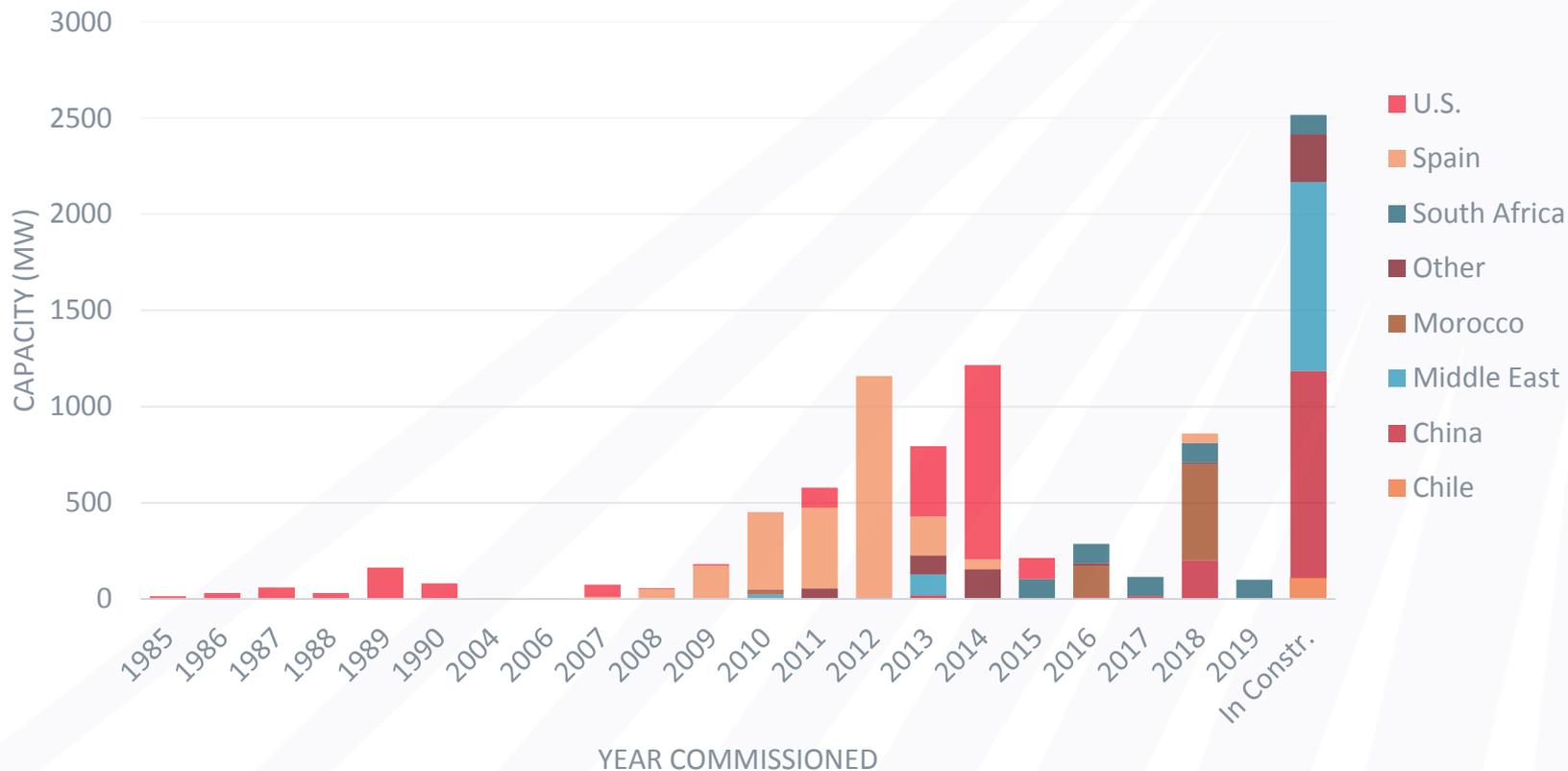
Avi Shultz

avi.shultz@ee.doe.gov
Program Manager, CSP

CSP Awardee Breakdown by Funding

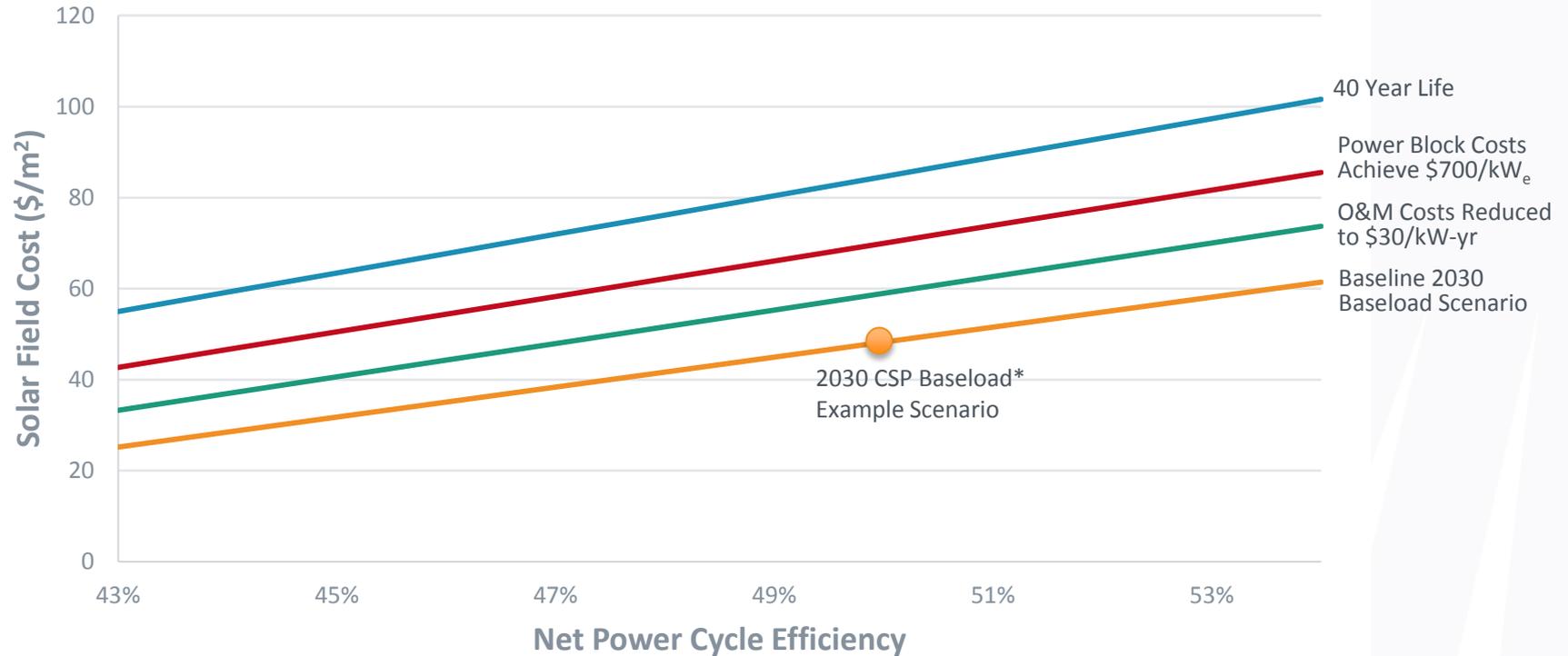


CSP is Being Deployed Worldwide



Pathways to Achieving SunShot 2030 Goals

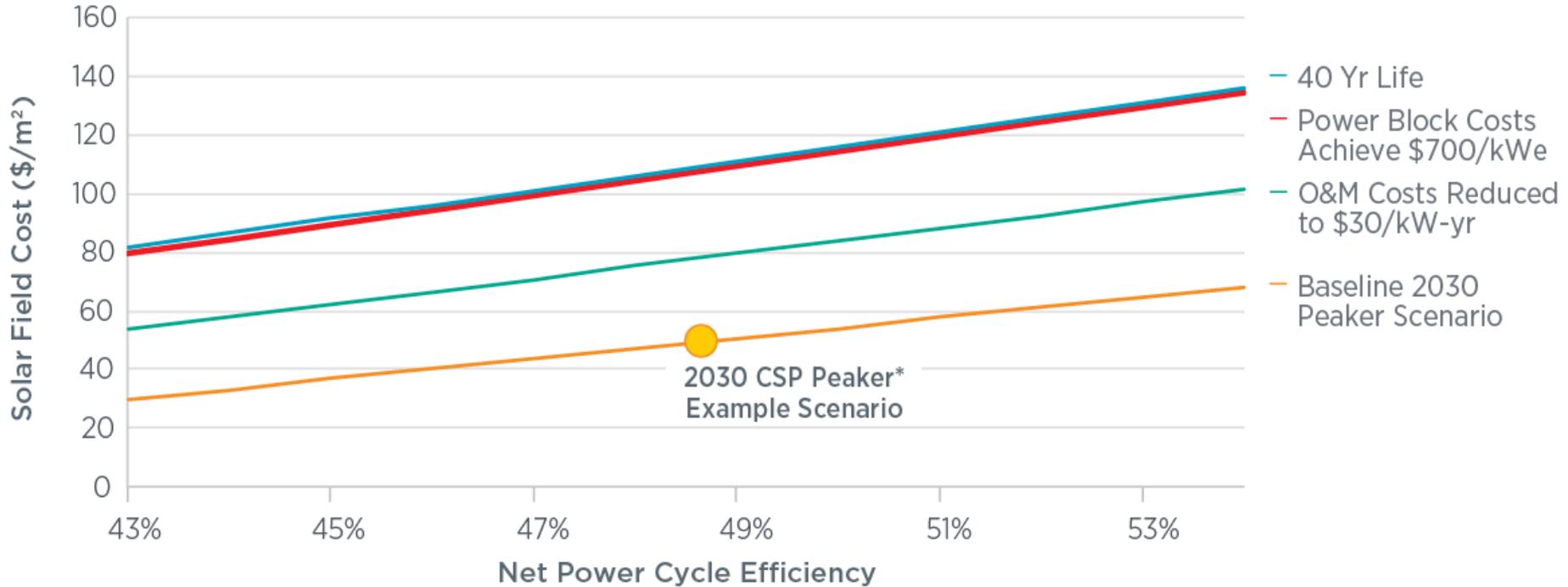
All lines represent 5¢/kWh LCOE in a typical Southwestern U.S. climate



*Baseload power plant is defined as a CSP plant with greater than or equal to 12 hours of storage

Pathways to Achieving SunShot 2030 Goals

All lines represent 10¢/kWh LCOE in a typical Southwestern U.S. climate



*Peaker power plant is defined as a CSP plant with less than 6 hours of storage

SETO sCO₂ Power Cycle Portfolio by Category

CATEGORY	PROJECT TITLE	PRIME
Turbomachinery	Compression System Design and Testing for sCO ₂ CSP Operation	GE
	Development of an Integrally-Geared sCO ₂ Comander	Southwest Research Institute
	Development of High Efficiency Expander and 1 MW Test Loop	Southwest Research Institute
	Physics-Based Reliability Models for sc-CO ₂ Turbomachinery Components	GE
	Process Gas Lubricated Bearings in Oil-Free Drivetrains	GE
	High-Temperature Dry-Gas Seal Development and Testing	Southwest Research Institute
Materials	Lifetime Model Development for Supercritical CO ₂ CSP Systems	Oak Ridge NL
	sCO ₂ Corrosion and Compatibility with Materials	UW-Madison
Other Components	Development and Testing of a Switched-Bed Regenerator	UW-Madison
	sCO ₂ Power Cycle with Integrated Thermochemical Energy Storage	Echogen Power Systems
	High-Efficiency Hybrid Dry Cooler System for sCO ₂ Power Cycles	Southwest Research Institute
	Additively Manufactured sCO ₂ Power Cycle Heat Exchangers for CSP	GE
Technoeconomics	Cycle Modeling, Integration with CSP, and Technoeconomics	NREL
Primary Heat Exchanger	High Flux Microchannel Direct sCO ₂ Receiver	Oregon State U.
	High-Temperature Particle Heat Exchanger for sCO ₂ Power Cycles	Sandia NL
	Various Molten Salt-to-sCO ₂ Heat Exchangers	Purdue / UC Davis / Complex
	Fluidized Beds for Effective Particle Thermal Energy Transport	Colorado School of Mines

Gen3 Topic 2 and Lab Support Awards

CATEGORY	PRIME	PROJECT TITLE	PI	AWARD
Liquid (2A)	Hayward Tyler	Development of High Temperature Molten Salt Pump Technology for Gen3	Benjamin Hardy	\$2,000,000
	MIT	High Temperature Pumps and Valves for Molten Salt	Asegun Henry	\$1,932,414
	Powdermet, Inc	High Toughness Cermets for Molten Salt Pumps	Joseph Hensel	\$1,326,384
	MIT	Ceramic Castable Cement Tanks and Piping for Molten Salt	Asegun Henry	\$1,771,798
Liquid (2B and Lab Support)	Purdue	Robust High Temperature Heat Exchangers	Kenneth Sandhage	\$1,960,745
	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	Development of In-Situ Corrosion Kinetics and Salt Property Measurements of salts and containment materials	Li (Emily) Liu	\$1,799,892
	Savannah River NL	Full Loop Thermodynamic Corrosion Inhibition and Sensing in Molten Chloride	Brenda Garcia-Diaz	\$1,000,000
	NREL	Molten Chloride Thermophysical Properties, Chemical Optimization, and Purification	Judith Vidal	\$1,000,000
	Oak Ridge National Lab	Enabling High-Temperature Molten Salt CSP through the Facility to Alleviate Salt Technology Risks (FASTR)	Kevin Robb	\$4,300,000
	Oak Ridge National Lab	Progression to Compatibility Evaluations in Flowing Molten Salts	Bruce Pint	\$1,000,000
	Oak Ridge National Lab	Comparison of Protecting Layer Performance for Corrosion Inhibition in Molten Chloride Salts through Interfacial Studies at the Molecular Scale	Sheng Dai	\$955,000

Gen3 Topic 2 and Lab Support Awards

Category	Prime	Project Title	PI	Award
Particle (2B and Lab Support)	Georgia Institute of Technology	Advanced Characterization of Particulate Flows for CSP Applications	Peter Loutzenhiser	\$1,352,195
	U. of Tulsa	GEN3D – Experimental and Numerical Development of GEN3 Durability Life Models	Todd Otanicar	\$1,515,687
	Sandia National Labs	Characterization and Mitigation of Radiative, Convective, and Particle Losses in High-Temperature Particle Receivers	Cliff Ho	\$1,031,070
	Sandia National Labs	Quantifying thermophysical properties and durability of particles and materials for direct and indirect heat transfer mechanisms	Kevin Albrecht	\$445,000
Gas (2A)	Brayton Energy	Development of Integrated Thermal Energy Storage Heat Exchangers for CSP Applications	Jim Nash	\$1,181,603
	Mohawk Innovative Technology, Inc	Oil-Free, High Temperature Heat Transfer Fluid Circulator	Hooshang Heshmat	\$1,258,629
Gas (Lab Support)	Idaho National Lab	Creep-fatigue behavior and damage accumulation of a candidate structural material for a CSP thermal receiver	Michael McMurtrey	\$1,000,000
Agnostic (2B and Lab Support)	Georgia Institute of Technology	Thermophysical Property Measurements of Heat Transfer Media and Containment Materials	Shannon Yee	\$1,966,440
	UC San Diego	Non-contact thermophysical characterization of solids and fluids for CSP	Renkun Chen	\$1,180,000
	EPRI	Improving Economics of Gen3 CSP System Components Through Fabrication and Application of High Temperature Ni-Based Alloys	John Shingledecker	\$1,499,901
	Sandia National Labs	Design and Implementation of a 1-3 MWth sCO2 Support Loop for Maturation of Molten Salt, Particulate, and Gas phase Thermal Storage Primary Heat Exchangers	Matthew Carlson	\$3,600,000